

Sardar Kaurey Khan Public Higher Secondary School Muzaffargarh

Class: 9th

Date: 25-04-2020



Subject: Math
Total Marks: 15

Objective Time: 20 Minutes

Q.1 Tick the correct answer: (15)

- 1- What should be added to complete the square of $X^4 + 64 =$ _____.
a) $8X^2$ b) $-8X^2$ c) $16x^2$ d) $4x^2$
- 2- HCF of $X-2$ and $X^2 + X - 6$ is
a) $X^2 + X - 6$ b) $X+3$ c) $X-2$ d) $X+2$
- 3- Which of the following is the solution of inequality $3 - 4X \leq 11$? _____.
a) -8 b) -2 c) $\frac{-14}{4}$ d) none of these
- 4- If the capacity C of an elevator is at most 1600 pounds then _____.
a) $C < 1600$ b) $C \geq 1600$ c) $C \leq 1600$ d) > 1600
- 5- Point $(2,-3)$ lies in quadrant
a) 1 b) 2 c) 3 d) 4
- 6- If $(x-1, y+1) = (0,0)$ then (x,y) is
a) $(1,-1)$ b) $(-1, 1)$ c) $(1, 1)$ d) $(-1, -1)$
- 7- A triangle having all sides different is called
a) Isosceles b) scalens c) equilateral d) none
- 8- Distance between the points $(1,0)$ and $(0,1)$ is
a) 0 b) 1 c) $\sqrt{2}$ d) 2
- 9- Diagonal of a parallelogram _____ each other at a point
a) Parallel b) perpendicular c) intersect d) none
- 10- In a triangle there can be _____ right angle
a) One b) two c) three d) none
- 11- The right bisector of the sides of a triangle are
a) Parallel b) congruent c) concurrent d) none of these
- 12- If two medians of a triangle are congruent then the triangle will be
a) Isosceles b) equilateral c) right angle d) acute angle
- 13- One angle on the base of an isosceles triangle is 30° . What is the measure of its vertical angle _____.
a) 30° b) 60° c) 90° d) 120°
- 14- The medians of a triangle cut each other in the ratio _____.
a) 4:1 b) 3:1 c) 2:1 d) 1:1
- 15- A quadrilateral having each angle equal to 90° is called _____.
a) Parallelogram b) rectangle c) trapezium d) rhombus

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Class: 9th

Time: 2:40 Hours



Subject: Math

Date: 25-04-2020

Total Marks: 60

Q.2 Note attempt any 6 parts.

(2x6=12)

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1- Find HCF of $8x^4 - 128, 12x^3 - 96$ | 2- Find LCM of $39x^7y^3z$ and $91x^5y^6z^7$ |
| 3- Define least common multiple (L.C.M). | 4- Write the names for finding HCF. |
| 5- Define medical equation. | 6- Solve for X $ 3 + 2x = 6x - 7 $ |
| 7- Solve $-5 \leq \frac{4-3x}{2} < 1$ | 8- Define transitive property of inequality. |
| 9- Find value m and c of the following lines by expressing in the form of $y = mx + c, 2x + 3y - 1 = 0$ | |

Q.3 Note attempt any 6 parts.

(2x6=12)

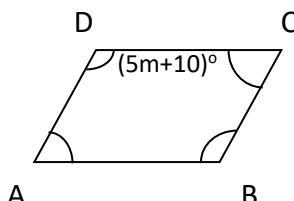
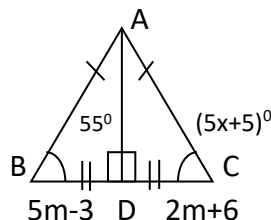
- Draw the graph of the relations $f = \frac{9}{5}c + 32$
- Find the distance between A (2, -6), B (3, -6).
- Find the mid point of A (2,5) and B (-1, 1).
- The end point of a line segment PQ is (-3, 6) and its mid point is (5, 8) find the coordination of the end point of Q.
- Define collinear points.
- Define equilateral triangle.
- Define Cartesian plane.
- Verify whether the point (5,3) lies on the lime $2x-y+1 = 0$ or not.

9- Solve $\frac{3}{y-1} - 2 = \frac{3y}{y-1}, y \neq 1$

Q.4 Note attempt any 6 parts.

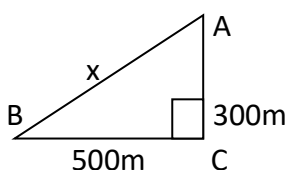
(2x6=12)

- Define congruent triangles.
- Fine the value of unknown for the given congruent triangles.



- Find value of x and m

- Define bisector of an angle.
- Define ratio.
- Verify that \triangle having the following measure of sides are right angled if $a = 16\text{cm}, b=30\text{cm}, c=34\text{cm}$
- Find value of x in the fig.



Extensive Part

Q.5 Compulsory

(8)

- Prove that any point equidistant from the end points of a line segment is on the right bisector of it
 Or Prove any point inside an angle, equidistant from its arm is on the bisector of it.

Note: Attempt any two questions.

(8+8=16)

- Q.6. (A) Find value of K for which the following expression will become a perfect square $x^4 - 4x^3 + 10x^2 - Kx + 9$.
 (B) Simplify $\left(\frac{x+1}{x-1} - \frac{x-1}{x+1} - \frac{4x}{x^2+1}\right) + \frac{4x}{x^4-1}$

- Q.7 (A) Solve and check for extraneous solution $\sqrt[3]{2x+3} = \sqrt[3]{x-1}$
 (B) Solve the following inequalities $1-2x < 5-x \leq 25-6x$

- Q.8 (A) Solve the following pair of equations in x and y graphically $x+y=0$ and $2x-y+3=0$
 (B) Show whether the points with vertices (5, -2), (5,4) and (-4, 1) are vertices of an equilateral triangle or an isosceles triangle.

- Q.9 (A) Construct a right angled \triangle measure of whose hypotenuse is 5cm and one side is 3.2cm.
 (B) Construct the $\triangle xyz$. Draw their three medians and show that they are concurrent $m_yz = 4.1\text{cm}, m_xy=60$ and $m_xz = 75^\circ$